Makeup Air Systems
What goes out, must come in
Why do we need makeup air?

In a nutshell - we would otherwise have problems. Today’s homes are built to be more energy-efficient. “Tighter” construction resists the infiltration of outdoor air through the home’s exterior, which limits the amount of makeup air the home will permit. Of course, you can only exhaust out from the home as much air as is able to come back in. Without makeup air, even a powerful exhaust fan can remove only as much air from the home as is permitted via infiltration.

When an exhaust fan operates without sufficient makeup air, some undesirable results can occur:

**The exhaust system will not work to its intended capacity**

Kitchen hood exhaust systems are sized to remove cooking-generated heat, odors and contaminants based on the cooking equipment’s dimensions and heat rating. Inadequate makeup air can prevent a kitchen hood exhaust system from adequately removing contaminants.

**Backdrafting of chimneys and appliance vents**

Insufficient makeup air will result in depressurization in the home. Depressurization works to halt the flow of hearth and appliance combustion products from exiting the home. This “backdrafting” can result in a dangerous accumulation of harmful gases in the home. Studies have shown that as little as 5 Pa (0.02” w.g.) depressurization can cause backdrafting.

**Non-compliance with the building code**

The construction industry has long recognized the need for adequate makeup air for exhaust systems. Beginning in 2009 and in every version since, the International Residential Code (IRC) has required that makeup air be provided for kitchen hood exhaust systems with capacity of 400 cfm or greater.
The Fantech Makeup Air System is the only solution

A home builder could actually satisfy a home’s makeup air requirement by leaving a relatively large hole (or several) in the exterior wall. Although, a hole in the wall might satisfy the makeup air requirement in the code, most would agree that such a solution is hardly ideal, especially during peak seasonal weather conditions.

The “passive” solution is similar to the hole in the wall. This solution has no fan supplying air into the home, so the home MUST be depressurized for air to flow in. This results in a very large opening (or multiple ones) in order to keep the level of depressurization below the backdrafting threshold. The passive solution does not accommodate direct filtering and tempering, since it is not fan-forced.

The Fantech’s Makeup Air System (MUAS) is a “powered” or “fan-forced” system. The MUAS is triggered when the compensated exhaust system is energized. The MUAS damper opens and the MUAS fan is powered on. The fan is speed-controlled relative to the speed of the compensated exhaust system’s fan speed. In other words, as you speed up the exhaust fan, the MUAS fan speeds up too, and vice versa.

**Fantech Makeup Air System advantages at glance:**
- Automatic, infinitely modulating air flow in proportion to the exhaust
- Particulate matter is filtered from the outdoor air before it is delivered to the home
- Since it is fan-forced, makeup air can be ducted to where it can be most suitably delivered to the home
- Cold outdoor air can be tempered with optional MUAH heater kits
- MUAS can be set up by the installer for a variety of pressure schemes: slightly negative, slightly positive, or balanced
- MUAS provides the EXACT amount of air needed - no more, no less
- Complies with the building code

The patent-pending FMAC is the brains of the makeup air system. While the compensated exhaust system is operating, the makeup air fan supplies air at a rate necessary to maintain the desired building pressure scheme as set up by the installer. The makeup air flow rate automatically and infinitely varies proportionally with the speed at which the exhaust is operated by the homeowner. A neutral (balanced) pressure scheme is common, but the installer can also employ a slightly positive or negative pressure scheme should he desire.

The FMAC includes a current transducer, system controller, transformer, and a NEMA electrical enclosure.
Makeup Air System
Ducted Components

Duct Silencer
Provides ducted sound attenuation between makeup air fan and the location of makeup air delivery to the home.

Duct Heater (optional)
Controlled via discharge air temperature, the heater automatically varies its modulating heat output to deliver air at the temperature set point, even as the air flow rate and outdoor air temperature vary.

Makeup Air Fan
EC motor-driven fan is automatically speed-controlled by the makeup air system controller.

Fast Clamp
Lined with neoprene to give a vibration-absorbing, tight fit.

Filter Cassette
Galvanized housing with filter access includes MERV 8 filter for removing dust and pollen before air is delivered to the home.

Shut-off Damper
Normally closed, motorized damper is open only when makeup air system is operating.

Wall Intake Hood
Air inlet to makeup air system; includes bug screen.
Beginning in 2009 the International Residential Code® (IRC®) has included a kitchen makeup air requirement. A paragraph in chapter 15 of both the 2009 and the 2012 IRC® reads:

**M1503.4 Makeup air required:**
Exhaust hood systems capable of exhausting in excess of 400 cfm shall be provided with makeup air at a rate approximately equal to the exhaust air rate. Such makeup air systems shall be equipped with a means of closure and shall be automatically controlled to start and operate simultaneously with the exhaust system.
A residential makeup air system needs to be both simple and effective. It must be versatile in how and where it can be installed in the home. It must operate automatically to accommodate a fluctuating exhaust air flow rate and a wide range of outdoor temperatures. And, most importantly, a makeup air system needs to replenish exhausted air while not endangering occupants with the potential for backdrafting appliance vents and hearth chimneys.

Fantech’s Makeup Air System does more than provide a means to satisfy the building code – it’s an engineered solution for a complex application.
Powerful and speed-controllable, the FKD series is popular for remotely located kitchen exhaust system fans.

Sound attenuation silencer for circular ducts. The silencer effectively reduces noise in the duct.

Roof cap with damper flap closure, duct connection and screened exhaust opening.

Roof cap with damper flap closure, duct connection and screened exhaust opening.

Sound attenuation silencer for circular ducts. The silencer effectively reduces noise in the duct.

Roof cap with damper flap closure, duct connection and screened exhaust opening.

Sound attenuation silencer for circular ducts. The silencer effectively reduces noise in the duct.

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Sound attenuation silencer for circular ducts. The silencer effectively reduces noise in the duct.
All you need to choose a MUAS that fits your home

**Step I - Size your system**

Select the Makeup Air System with capacity to compensate for the maximum air flow rate of the exhaust system being served. The MUAS includes all system component items except a heater (optional accessory), wiring, duct work, insulation and electrical disconnect. To choose a heater, follow Step II.

### Specification data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>MUAS 650</th>
<th>MUAS 1600</th>
<th>MUAS 2000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maximum Airflow Rate</strong>&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>cfm</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FMAC Makeup Air Control</strong>&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>(1) FMAC</td>
<td>(1) FMAC</td>
<td>(1) FMAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Metal Wall Intake Hood</strong></td>
<td>(1) RML 12</td>
<td>(1) RML 12</td>
<td>(1) RML 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Motorized Shut-off Damper</strong></td>
<td>(1) ADC 12</td>
<td>(1) ADC 12</td>
<td>(1) ADC 14</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Filter Cabinet w/ Pleated Filter</strong></td>
<td>(1) FGR 12HV</td>
<td>(1) FGR 12HV</td>
<td>(1) FGR 14HV</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Fan with EC-motor</strong></td>
<td>(1) FG 12XL EC</td>
<td>(1) FKD 12XL EC</td>
<td>(1) FKD 14XL EC</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Duct Silencer</strong></td>
<td>(1) LD 12</td>
<td>(1) LD 12</td>
<td>(1) LD 14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mounting Clamp Pairs</strong></td>
<td>(2) FC 12</td>
<td>(2) FC 12</td>
<td>(3) FC 14</td>
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<td><strong>Item #</strong></td>
<td>lbs</td>
<td>K46000</td>
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<td><strong>Shipping Weight / Shipping Class</strong></td>
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<td>151 / 3</td>
<td>179 / 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>1</sup> Air flow rate for fan operating at full speed against 0.5” w.g. static pressure

<sup>2</sup> FMAC includes a current transducer, a control transformer, a system control board and an electrical enclosure

**MUAS 650**

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8 | Makeup Air Systems
Outside average air temperature by zone* (January)

*NOTE:
Some areas, particularly those at high elevation, might experience colder average temperatures than the map suggests.

MUAS 1600 and MUAS 2000
## Step II - Choose your heat

Select the appropriate Makeup Air Heater (if any). Select heat capacity as desired or as suggested by map zone. Each Makeup Air Heater includes an electric heater, mounting clamps and duct reducers (for MUAH 10/10 only).

### Specification data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>MUAH 10 / 10</th>
<th>MUAH 20 / 12</th>
<th>MUAH 20 / 14</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Allowable Airflow Rate</td>
<td>cfm</td>
<td>1,100</td>
<td>1,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May be used with MUAS model</td>
<td></td>
<td>MUAS 650 or MUAS 1600</td>
<td>MUAS 650 or MUAS 1600</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum Heat Output</td>
<td>kW / BTUh</td>
<td>10 / 34,140</td>
<td>20 / 68,280</td>
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<tr>
<td>Heater Duct Connection Diameter</td>
<td>inch</td>
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### Electric Heater Application Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>Temp Rise (°F)</th>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>Temp Rise (°F)</th>
<th>Zone</th>
<th>Temp Rise (°F)</th>
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<tr>
<td>400 cfm</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
<td>53</td>
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<tr>
<td>500 cfm</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>105</td>
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<tr>
<td>600 cfm</td>
<td>3,4</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>1,2</td>
<td>90</td>
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<tr>
<td>700 cfm</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>1,2,3</td>
<td>79</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>800 cfm</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>1,2,3</td>
<td>70</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>900 cfm</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>1,2,3</td>
<td>63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 cfm</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>1,2,3</td>
<td>57</td>
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<td>1,100 cfm</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
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<tr>
<td>1,200 cfm</td>
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<td>1,2,3,4</td>
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<td>1,300 cfm</td>
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<td>1,400 cfm</td>
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<td>1,500 cfm</td>
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<td>1,600 cfm</td>
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<tr>
<td>1,700 cfm</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1,800 cfm</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
<td>33</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1,900 cfm</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
<td>32</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2,000 cfm</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>1,2,3,4</td>
<td>30</td>
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### Included components

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Electric Heater</th>
<th>Mounting Clamp (in pairs)</th>
<th>Duct Reducer (10&quot; x 12&quot; transition)</th>
<th>Item #</th>
<th>lbs</th>
<th>Shipping Weight / Shipping Class</th>
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<tr>
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<td>(1) FC 12</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>(1) FC 14</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>K46004</td>
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<td>94 / 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Map zone 5 has a climate that does not necessarily require a heater for makeup air. Heat may be included, if desired.
2. MUAH models can only provide the temperature rise as indicated. During very cold conditions heaters might not deliver air at the temperature set point.
Dimensions

MUAS 650

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>H (optional)</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>J</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUAS 650</td>
<td>10 1/2</td>
<td>11 7/8</td>
<td>30 1/2</td>
<td>9 5/32</td>
<td>38 1/2</td>
<td>100 1/2</td>
<td>40 21/32</td>
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<td>12</td>
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MUAS 1600 and MUAS 2000

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>H (optional)</th>
<th>G</th>
<th>J</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MUAS 1600</td>
<td>10 1/2</td>
<td>11 7/8</td>
<td>30 1/2</td>
<td>18 7/8</td>
<td>38 1/2</td>
<td>110 1/5</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>131 1/5</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MUAS 2000</td>
<td>18 3/4</td>
<td>13 7/8</td>
<td>30 1/2</td>
<td>20 3/8</td>
<td>38 1/2</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>14</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Colorado Homebuilder Meets Kitchen Makeup Air Requirement with Fantech

Bruce Fraser of Fraser Construction LLC knows something that many builders do not. You can have a suitably sized kitchen exhaust system and still meet the IRC M1503.4 makeup air requirement without breaking the bank.

This “good-to-know” information came as a result of a major kitchen addition/renovation that Fraser completed at a home just west of Vail, Colorado, in the upscale community of Cordillera. The kitchen already had a high-end, 1200 cfm exhaust hood that assimilated nicely with the renovation — but the building inspector had some bad news. The home did not meet the newly adopted IRC M1503.4 code, which states:

> Exhaust hood systems capable of exhausting in excess of 400 cfm (0.19 m³/s) shall be provided with makeup air at a rate approximately equal to the exhaust air rate. Such makeup air systems shall be equipped with a means of closure and shall be automatically controlled to start and operate simultaneously with the exhaust system.

Luckily, Fraser’s mechanical contractor had solution: a new Fantech Makeup Air System with an electric coil for makeup air reheat.

The Fantech makeup air system was specifically designed to help builders and contractors to meet IRC M1503.4. Per the code’s requirement, the Fantech system automatically supplies makeup air at a rate that is equal to the exhaust air of the kitchen fan. An integral transducer actually measures the current draw from the exhaust fan and uses that information to precisely regulate the volume of makeup air so air is always balanced.

The packaged duct heater was particularly beneficial in this project since the Cordillera home relies on radiant rather than forced air for space heating.

> “At this home it would have been really expensive to connect the supply and return for the makeup heat back to the boiler plant. We would have had to purchase an additional pump, and getting all that piping through an existing home would have been tough,” said Justin Nielsen, owner of Skyline Mechanical.

Although IRC M1503.4 has challenged builders, it is rooted in safety. Since modern homes are built with far less air leakage than they have in the past, the operation of a high-cfm exhaust hood can cause a negative pressure inside the home. This can result in back-drafts from fuel-burning appliances, which can lead to unsafe levels of carbon monoxide and other toxins inside the home.

Bruce Fraser understands and respects the purpose of the code.

> “My greatest concern as a builder was to avoid any potential for carbon monoxide poisoning. And of course we have to be able to meet code within the budget constraints of the project.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project location:</th>
<th>Cordillera, Eagle County, CO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Builder:</td>
<td>Fraser Construction LLC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contractor:</td>
<td>Skyline Mechanical Inc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exhaust Hood Size:</td>
<td>1,200 cfm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fantech products:</td>
<td>MUAS 1600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Month, Year completed:</td>
<td>March, 2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Some mechanical contractors are willing to sidestep a few building codes in order to keep a builder happy and on budget. Bob’s Heating and Air Conditioning, the Washington state contractor, is not one of them, especially when it comes to safety. That’s why Doug Quinn, General Manager of Bob’s Heating makes a point of meeting the IRC M1503.4 code for makeup air, even though it hasn’t always been easy.

Without a make-up air system, the operation of high volume kitchen fans (common in homes today) could create a negative pressure and lead to “backdrafting” of hazardous combustion products (e.g. carbon monoxide) into the home. Although some jurisdictions may not yet be enforcing the code, Doug Quinn says, that’s no excuse for failing to install a makeup air system.

“We do work in just about every jurisdiction up and down the Puget sound region. Just because one jurisdiction is overlooking the requirements doesn’t give us the right to overlook it. The whole idea of that code is health and safety,” said Quinn.

It’s a point that Bob’s Heating and JayMarc Homes, a builder of fine homes in the greater Seattle area agree on. Jeremy DeBoer, site supervisor for JayMarc Homes worked with Bob’s Heating on the mechanical HVAC installation at a new spec home on 90th Avenue, Mercer Island, WA. Like many homes on the island, the home had a commercial-sized oven and exhaust fan and needed a makeup air system.

“Not many homeowners understand what [the Code] is for, but as the builder we understand and we try to explain the purpose and the benefits to the homeowners,” said DeBoer.

In the past, Bob’s Heating had always designed and built make-up air systems from individually sourced components. It was tedious and time consuming. The contractor decided to try something new on the Mercer Island home. He liked the Fantech system because it was modular, yet included everything he needed: Fantech’s makeup air system is automatically energized whenever the kitchen exhaust fan is operating. By virtue of the control package, it closely matches the outgoing air with fresh makeup air, preheated as needed. Doug Quinn was impressed with the product’s overall capability and how easy it was to install.

“The installation went pretty darn well. I’m not aware of any other exhaust make-up air solution that allows the flexibility to automatically adjust the makeup air CFM and preheat the incoming air.”

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**Abiding by Code in the Pacific Northwest**

with Fantech’s Makeup Air System

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**Project location:**
Mercer Island, WA

**Builder:**
JayMarc Homes

**Contractor:**
Bob’s Heating & Air Conditioning Inc.

**Exhaust Hood Size:**
600 cfm

**Fantech products:**
MUAS 650

**Month, Year completed:**
January, 2015
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